國立臺中教育大學 106 學年度學士班日間部轉學招生考試專業科目(含西洋文學概論、語言學概論)試題

適用學系:英語學系三年級

I .Western Literature (50%)

Answer the following questions in essay format. Your essays must be well organized and comprehensive enough to show the width and depth of your understanding of the subjects in question. Remember to use specific examples to support your views.

- 1. How do you define Western literature? What were the sources of Western literature? (25%)
- 2. What is Renaissance humanism? Why Petrarch and Machiavelli were humanists? (25%)

I Linguistics (50%)

- 1. State what a free morpheme is and give an example (2%)?
- 2. State what a bound morpheme is and give an example (2%)?
- 3. Some of the words below contain suffixes. Identify the suffixes by *underlining* them (2% for the correct set).
 - a. undo
 - b. establish
 - c. freedom
 - d. watches
 - e. desire
 - f. sadness
- 4. Identify the head and the compliment in the following phrases. Clearly state which is which (1% for each head and 1% for each complement).
 - a. the student of physics
 - b. laughed at the monkey
 - c. on the hill

5.	. Write c, g or r in column C to indicate whether the pairs in columns A and B are						
	comp	limentary, gra	dable, or rela	tional opposites (1% each).			
		<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>			
	a.	Landlord	Tenant				
	b.	Light	Dark				
	c.	Present	Absent				
	d.	Single	Married				
	e.	Borrow	Lend				
6.	false. senter a. All b. The c. Onl d. If e	Write T by the ces (1% each crows are either blind can see y drunk driver	e tautologies,). Her black or the c rs under 18 ca someone, Joh	er tautologies, contradictions, or situationally true or C by the contradictions, and S by the other ey are not black nuse bad accidents nn hates himself sius			
7. Paraphrase each of the following sentences in two ways to show that you understand the ambiguity involved (1% for each correct interpretation of each sentence).							
	Example: Terry loves his wife and so do I.						
	i. Terry loves his wife and I love his wife.						
	ii. Terry loves his wife and I love my wife.						
	a. The young men and women left the room.						
	b. I kn	ow a man wit	h a dog who l	has fleas.			
8.	Name	both interden	tals (1% each).			
9.	Name	two allophon	es for the pho	oneme /a/ (1% each).			
10	0. Circl	e the words th	nat begin with	a stop (2%).			
	talk,	still, gap, c	atch, map,	wheel, pile			

- 11. Circle the words that have both [A] and [ə] in their pronunciation (2%): under, support, serpent, custard, Monday, rushing, other, wonderful, grovel
- 12. For the second pair of English consonants below, provide minimal pairs that illustrate their occurrence in initial, medial, and final position (2% for each correct pair). Examples are given for the first pair.

	<u>Initial</u>	<u>Medial</u>	<u>Final</u>
Example: /k/ /b/	kit/bit	rocker/robber	tuck/tub
/m//n/			

- 13. State what complementary distribution is and provide an example (2%).
- 14. What are the British equivalents for the following words used in American English (1% each)?

Candy:

Vacation:

- 15. What is jargon (2%)?
- 16. Name 2 euphemisms and the offensive terms they replace (2% for each correct pair).