

國立臺中教育大學 104 學年度大學日間部轉學招生考試

語文（英文）試題

適用學系：教育學系、特殊教育學系、幼兒教育學系、體育學系、  
語文教育學系、諮商與應用心理學系、科學教育與應用學系

I. Vocabulary (10%, 1 point each)

1. Martin Luther King was \_\_\_ in his fight for civil rights.  
A) fearless  
B) desperate  
C) impatient  
D) grieved
2. The \_\_\_ documents are not allowed to make copies.  
A) sufficient  
B) devastating  
C) confidential  
D) feasible
3. It is sometimes difficult for children to distinguish between fact and \_\_\_\_.  
A) facility  
B) fiction  
C) consultation  
D) authenticity
4. He wasn't very \_\_\_ in class today because he hardly slept at all last night.  
A) tedious  
B) thorough  
C) panoramic  
D) alert
5. The reservoir provides \_\_\_ source of water for the neighborhood.  
A) abundant  
B) transparent

- C) persistent  
D) bureaucratic
6. Toyota's newest sports car \_\_\_ the most advanced automotive technology in the world today.  
A) fosters  
B) facilitates  
C) boasts  
D) commute
7. He wrote me a good recommendation letter \_\_\_ my academic career.  
A) nurturing  
B) segmenting  
C) upholding  
D) highlighting
8. New York is considered a \_\_\_ city due to its rich culture of art, music and theatre.  
A) sophisticated  
B) challenging  
C) crappy  
D) irritating
9. Creative design ideas need to \_\_\_ with engineering technologies to create a successful product.  
A) shift  
B) synergize  
C) compile  
D) impact
10. The sound of the waves was a gentle \_\_\_ that relaxed me, and quickly put me to sleep.  
A) scene  
B) tune  
C) poll  
D) sum

## II. Cloze Test ( 20%, 2 points each )

The hamburger 11 a worldwide cultural icon. Eating meat, especially beef, is an integral part of many diverse cultures. Studies show, 12, that the consumption of large quantities of meat is a major contributing factor 13 a great many deaths, including the unnecessarily high number of deaths from heart-related problems. Although it has caught on slowly in 14, vegetarianism is a way of life 15 can help improve not only the quality of people's lives but also their longevity.

11. A) has become    B) is becoming    C) had become    D) became  
12. A) whereas    B) secondly    C) however    D) also  
13. A) in    B) toward    C) at    D) as  
14. A) western society    B) a western society    C) the western society  
    D) western societies  
15. A) with which    B) and which    C) that    D) of that

In order to become a member of the European Union (EU), a country must prove that it handles human rights in a 16 and civil way. One major concern of the EU is the death penalty. In fact, the death penalty is not allowed in any of the EU countries. 17 that end, those countries that want membership must prove that their laws protect the human lives of even the 18 of criminals. This point of view, however, is not shared by all. Countries such as Singapore, Japan, South Korean, and the United States 19 the death penalty. 20, the question if the death penalty should be allowed in all countries is controversial.

16. A) humanity    B) humane    C) human    D) inhuman  
17. A) At    B) On    C) In    D) To  
18. A) cruelty    B) crueler    C) cruelest    D) cruel  
19. A) is allowing    B) allow for    C) allow    D) allows for  
20. A) In fact    B) In addition    C) Nevertheless    D) In contrast

### III. Reading ( 20%, 4 points each )

Alcohol ignition interlock devices have been very successful in **detering** drunk driving in those who have been convicted of a DUI (Driving Under the Influence) but officials remain vigilant that they do not do enough to prevent new DUI offenders. A new study indicates that new vehicles could, perhaps, be made and then released in the United States which have a type of alcohol ignition interlock built-in to the vehicle.

It would be more like a screening tool—and it is still in development for, perhaps, another six or seven years—but Dr. Bud Zaouk believes that the technology will be very helpful. Known as the driver alcohol detection system for safety, or DADSS, the new feature will prevent a car from moving if the driver attempts to drive the vehicle with a blood alcohol content of 0.08 (the legal intoxication limit in all 50 states). The device could also be set to zero for drivers under the legal drinking age. Zaouk explains, “Unlike the alcohol ignition interlocks which require you to blow into a devise and are used for convicted drunk drivers, DADSS is a driver assist system that would be seamless, take less than half a second, and use infrared light to measure a driver’s blood alcohol content in the breath or through the fingertips, which is far more reliable,” said Zaouk, who is also the Group Director for QinetiQ North America.

Adrian Lund, the president of the Insurance Institute for Highway Safety describes that the putting this DADSS into every vehicle could improve the apprehension rate of drunk drivers. “It’s so hard to catch everybody,” Lund confides. “With this, we can stop them from driving in the first place, and we can catch a broader group of people who are getting behind the wheel because they think they’re not impaired.”

21. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) Don’t drink and drive!
- B) All drunk drivers will eventually be caught by the newly developed driver assist system.
- C) Technological solutions can be helpful to prevent drunk driving.
- D) DUI officials do not completely trust the use of DADSS to stop drunk driving.

22. What kind of device is DADSS?
- A) It locks the car when the driver is intoxicated.
  - B) It helps to convict drunk drivers.
  - C) It can assist the driver to drive the car if he or she is drunk.
  - D) The police can use it to measure a driver's blood alcohol content.
23. What happens when a driver's blood alcohol content is above 0.08?
- A) Nothing happens.
  - B) He or she can be arrested for suspicion of driving under the influence (DUI).
  - C) DADSS will assist the driver to drive the car.
  - D) DADSS can then be set to zero to assist drivers under the legal driving age.
24. What does **detering** in the first paragraph mean?
- A) preventing
  - B) encouraging
  - C) arresting
  - D) killing
25. What can we infer about drunk driving based on this report?
- A) DADSS will not be made available since its success rate is too low
  - B) More people will be driving because they are not impaired.
  - C) The number of drunk driving will be reduced when DADSS becomes available.
  - D) There will be no more drunk drivers in the future.

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### 一、語文常識測驗：20%（每小題 1 分）

1. 下列華人姓氏的讀音，何者錯誤？

- (A) 「佟」振保：ㄊㄨㄥˊ
- (B) 「余」太君：ㄩˊ
- (C) 「解」先生：ㄒㄧㄝˋ
- (D) 「龔」教授：ㄍㄨㄥˊ

2. 下列各組字，何者讀音皆相同？

- (A) 「苔」蘚／「抬」槓／「跽」拳道
- (B) 船「蒿」／形容枯「槁」／「蒿」目千里
- (C) 風姿「綽」約／深陷泥「淖」／「踔」厲風發
- (D) 「蝙」蝠／心胸「褊」狹／「蹁」躚

3. 下列引號內的詞語用字，何者錯誤？

- (A) 「洵」私
- (B) 「殉」職
- (C) 「旬」日
- (D) 「詢」問

4. 下列那個字有「務」這個偏旁？

- (A) 心無旁「乂」
- (B) 騰雲駕「乂」
- (C) 好高「乂」遠
- (D) 趨之若「乂」

5. 「敗部冠軍的球隊，連闖數關之後，早已兵困馬疲；勝部冠軍的隊伍，則是□□□□地輕鬆應戰」，空格內適合填入哪一個成語？

- (A) 劍及履及 (B) 好整以暇 (C) 守株待兔 (D) 眾目睽睽

- 6.「每個人應該仔細聆聽別人的看法」，句中的「聆」、「聽」同樣有「聽」的意思，也就是同義複詞。下列引號中的詞語，何者也是屬於同義複詞？
- (A)好熱喔！可不可以把「窗戶」打開啊？  
(B)「情勢」越來越緊張了！  
(C)小紅負責「購買」班上的便當。  
(D)曾不吝情「去留」。
- 7.下列成語的意思，何者敘述有誤？
- (A)文章有自己的特色可說「機杼一家」。  
(B)「緣木求魚」是說必不可得。  
(C)「襪線之才」是自謙才華不足。  
(D)甲乙二人這次考試成績差不多，可說「南轅北轍」。
- 8.下列對詞語的敘述，何者正確？
- (A)「效尤」是指學習好榜樣。  
(B)「模稜兩可」是說做事左右逢源。  
(C)「入室操戈」是說下屬奪了上司的權柄。  
(D)「尾大不掉」是說下屬的勢力強大，在上者難以駕馭的窘況。
- 9.「出師未捷身先死，長使英雄淚滿襟」、「人生自古誰無死，留取丹心照汗青」、「風蕭蕭兮易水寒，壯士一去兮不復還」以上詩句與何組歷史人物相對應？
- (A)屈原、岳飛、張良 (B)諸葛亮、文天祥、荊軻  
(C)岳飛、文天祥、項羽 (D)岳飛、文天祥、張良
- 10.文人因個人的際遇或文章之故，和地名發生了密切的關係，如：「黃州／蘇軾」。
- 下列的地名和文人的關係，何者有誤？
- (A)潮州／韓愈 (B)稷下／荀卿 (C)岳陽樓／范仲淹 (D)滕王閣／王粲
- 11.四家詩中，哪一家是屬於古文學派？
- (A)毛詩 (B)齊詩 (C)魯詩 (D)韓詩
- 12.「關關雎鳩，在河之洲。窈窕淑女，君子好逑」，以上詩句中，哪一個詞語為連綿詞？
- (A)關關 (B)窈窕 (C)君子 (D)好逑

13. 孔子曾贊美何人為「人中之龍」？  
（A）李耳 （B）管仲 （C）仲由 （D）顏回
14. 《管子·牧民》云「野蕪曠，則民乃管」，此「管」字與何字相通？  
（A）筍 （B）草 （C）姦 （D）保
15. 賦之體裁歷代不同，何者屬於魏晉六朝之代表？  
（A）古賦 （B）律賦 （C）股賦 （D）俳賦
16. 「寸」字屬六書中的哪一類？  
（A）獨體象形 （B）合體象形 （C）獨體指事 （D）合體指事
17. 哪一種古文字的時代最早？  
（A）賓組卜辭 （B）花東甲骨 （C）毛公鼎 （D）行氣玉銘
18. 請問反切「德紅切」之中古聲紐為何？  
（A）知 （B）徹 （C）端 （D）透
19. 蘇軾〈超然臺記〉云「歲比不登」，其所謂何事？  
（A）登科 （B）收成 （C）競賽 （D）上朝
20. 李白〈將進酒〉云「陳王昔時宴平樂」，殆借人之詩？  
（A）陶潛 （B）劉勰 （C）曹植 （D）陳子昂

## 二、引導式作文：30%

題目：人生的存摺

說明：

人生不應該只有一本存摺，當我們在追求存簿金額增加的同時，往往也犧牲了與家人共處、被工作時間網綁、耗損身體精力……。可是，在我們的周遭，卻有不少人在賺錢之餘，還開設了另一本的存摺帳號，如陳樹菊的愛心存簿。請你以〈人生的存摺〉為題，想像你在年老時，回憶這一生，除了擁有一本可以過退休生活的存簿外，你還想要擁有一本怎樣的人生存摺？