

國立臺中教育大學 96 學年度研究所碩士在職專班招生考試

英文 科試題

數位內容科技學系碩士班 語文教育學系碩士班 用

I. Translate the following passage into Chinese: (30%)

With the progress of high technology, there is a rapid change in people's lives nowadays. Life is becoming more convenient with the assistance of high-tech products. For example, a new and revolutionary refrigerator offers homeowners something completely different. A traditional refrigerator is used to preserve food and keep it fresh; however, the functions of this new high-tech refrigerator go beyond that. Besides storing food, you can also use this product to watch TV, download music, and even schedule your appointments. When you forget the recipe for a dish you are preparing, you can even use the video conferencing feature on the refrigerator to contact your friend and ask for help. Thus, it seems that even the traditional products that you find in your kitchen are facing big changes. Of course, people will not get this kind of product for nothing. High tech means high dollars. It will definitely cost people a lot to get such a convenient new appliance in their home.

II. English Writing (40%)

This seems a common growing process: When we are young, we inevitably find some great role models we want to emulate and become. Write a short English passage, around 200 words, to talk about who the role models were that you wanted to become, and give supporting reasons.

III. Vocabulary & Parts of Speech: (30%, 2 points for each question)

- Jennifer doesn't trust people who are always flattering others.
(A) complaining (B) ignoring (C) spealing ill of (D) praising
- When Daniel asked him if he wanted more coffee, Gary answered grumpily, "Only if it's hot."
(A) with a smile (B) patiently (C) in a bad mood (D) indifferently
- This magazine has an abridged version of Burton's new novel in it.
(A) illustrated (B) shortened (C) painted (D) uncut
- The manager rebuked David about his attitude.
(A) corrected (B) quietly cautioned (C) complimented (D) spoke severely to
- It was her unflagging confidence that helped Connie succee(D)
(A) bewildered (B) endless (C) aggressive (D) optimistic

以下仍有試題

6. He looked up to see a big bus hurtling down the road toward him.
(A) grouchy (B) rushing at great speed (C) sliding (D) moving slowly
7. Professor Wiley amassed much information about the history of this town.
(A) collected (B) investigated (C) wrote (D) published
8. Stranded in an isle, the wrecked sailors need a boat to _____ them immediately.
(A) convey (B) compile (C) descend (D) diffuse
9. Everyone in the audience _____ his breath as the acrobat made his first move.
(A) put (B) exhale (C) held (D) swallowed
10. Mr. Turner doesn't know very much Japanese yet, but he speaks it _____ keep his job.
(A) well enough (B) well enough to (C) enough well to (D) good enough to
11. A reward will be given in the sum of twenty thousand dollars _____ can identify the bank robber.
(A) whomever (B) to whomever (C) to whoever (D) whoever person
12. A lack of understanding of how to communicate _____ trouble between teenagers and their parents.
(A) frequently causes (B) is frequently caused
(C) have frequently been causing (D) is frequently causing
13. _____ had the robbers run out of the convenience store when the police arrived.
(A) Only (B) As soon as (C) Rarely (D) Barely
14. Andy gave his teacher a reasonable explanation _____.
(A) of his late (B) for his lateness (C) of being late (D) for his being late
15. As Rebecca leaned _____ to tie her shoes, her chair slipped out from under her.
(A) back (B) toward (C) over (D) on

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國文（評述作文） 科試題

教育學系碩士班、科學教育碩士班、語文教育學系碩士班 用

一、請閱讀以下各項文摘後，仔細思辨其意涵，以「閱讀教學的可能性」為題，撰寫一篇評述作文。(100%)

- ◎讀書是讓別人代替自己思考。我們只可以把書本當作「引子」，閱讀時讓他人把自己的思考導向某方面。但話說回來，有許多壞書，不但多讀無益，還會讓我們陷入歧途。所以，我們心中要有個「守護神」，靠他來指點迷津，導向正途。這個「守護神」，只有能深切地思考的人才擁有。也就是說，唯有能自由正確思索的人，才能發現精神上的正確方向。(叔本華〈讀書與思考〉)
- ◎閱讀要像書寫，要用同等的謹慎與虔敬。甚至會說那本書的原文語言還不夠，因為口說語言與書寫語言、聽的語言與讀的語言之間，存在著相當的差距。前者是一種變動的東西，一種聲音，一種語言，…後者則是前者的成熟與經驗，如果前者是母親的語言，後者則是我們父親的語言，那是經過選擇而保留的語言，不單憑耳朵就能聽懂的，我們若不重生，就別想聽得懂。(梭羅、〈閱讀〉)
- ◎也許「無用的」知識最重要的優點是它讓人們有沈思的習慣，讓心靈能沈靜下來。心靈的沈思習慣，具有遍及於最淺薄到最高深之處的優點。…。不愉快的事因為奇妙的學習而變得不那麼苦惱，而且也能使愉快的事變得更愉快。(羅素、〈無用的知識〉)

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語文教學 科試題

語文教育學系碩士班 用

1. 「構思」是寫作的重要方法，請問常見的構思方法有哪些？你如何指導學生構思？試自擬作文題目舉實例說明。(25%)
2. 對於學生所犯的語文錯誤，教師在教學上可採用哪些策略來處理？(25%)
3. 教科書一綱多本之後，對於國小國語科教學產生何種困擾？若重新實施「一綱一本」可以解決這些困境嗎？為什麼？(25%)
4. 試以「平正」、「勻稱」、「挪讓」之結字法，舉例說明楷書之結構。(25%)