

國立臺中教育大學 102 學年度大學日間部轉學招生考試

語文（英文）試題

適用學系：語文教育學系、科學應用與推廣學系、幼兒教育學系、  
教育學系

I. Vocabulary and Usage: Choose the best answer to complete the sentence.

15 %

1. The Love River, which is now the most famous \_\_\_\_\_ in Kaohsiung, used to be seriously polluted in the past decade.  
A) rubrics  
B) landmark  
C) trademark  
D) landmine
2. Mosquitoes that \_\_\_\_\_ malaria were found by the researchers to employ the immune factors to fight off bacterial pathogens.  
A) transmit  
B) transfer  
C) transform  
D) translate
3. A new design of contact lens which blocks certain wavelengths of light gives athletes \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) a disadvantage  
B) a outlook  
C) a file  
D) an edge
4. The view of The Pinnacles in Australia is \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) stylish  
B) old-fashioned  
C) spectacular  
D) innocent

5. History says Leonardao Da Vinci did not even name any of his particular painting. None of his works, including Mona Lisa, was \_\_\_\_\_ by him.
- A) questioned
  - B) tiled
  - C) seen
  - D) titled
6. The Bible regards marriage as a holy union of two people. The marriage\_\_\_\_\_ is treasured and honored as pure.
- A) ring
  - B) pillow
  - C) hall
  - D) bed
7. The captain showed remarkable \_\_\_\_\_ in continuing to lead his men despite a painful wound.
- A) fortitude
  - B) fort
  - C) stronghold
  - D) longitude
8. If we delegate Erin, I believe she will present our views forcefully. She is a very \_\_\_\_\_ speaker.
- A) introvert
  - B) quiet
  - C) dynamic
  - D) strict
9. Hay fever is a (an) \_\_\_\_\_ sickness that affects millions of sufferers at certain time each year in the US.
- A) clinic
  - B) chronic
  - C) chronicle
  - D) chronological
10. I can't live without coffee. I am coffee-\_\_\_\_\_.
- A) abolished
  - B) abbreviated

- C) addicted
- D) afflicted

11. The northern part of the country experienced a very cold \_\_\_\_\_ in the winter of 1993.

- A) decade
- B) spell
- C) era
- D) age

12. Many colleges in the United States run on \_\_\_\_\_ system.

- A) a period
- B) a century
- C) a semester
- D) an hour

13. Our new puppy has a very \_\_\_\_\_ personality and will be easy to train.

- A) ductile
- B) conducive
- C) deductive
- D) interpretative

14. Cave \_\_\_\_\_ left drawings on the walls of their caves.

- A) residents
- B) dwellers
- C) worshipers
- D) renters

15. The heads of the flowers were \_\_\_\_\_ after two weeks without water.

- A) blooming
- B) wilting
- C) drooping
- D) shaking

## II. Cloze (15%)

Every dog has its day, but few canines get a parade on their return home. Kabang, who lost half her face after \_\_16\_\_ in front of a motorcycle to save the lives of two

girls, received a \_\_17\_\_ welcome Monday in Zamboanga, a city in the southern Philippines. The dog came back from months-long treatment at the University of California, Davis, veterinary hospital, paid for with \$27,000 in donations \_\_18\_\_ in the Philippines and abroad. She was reunited with her owner, Rudy Bunggal, and the girls she \_\_19\_\_ from the accident in December 2011 - the owner's daughter, Dina, and cousin Princess Diansing. 'She is not just my friend, she is like a part of our family,' 13-year-old Dina Bunggal said.

16. A) jump    B) jumped    C) jumping    D) was jumped  
17. A) rouse    B) roused    C) rousing    D) was roused  
18. A) raise    B) raised    C) raising    D) was raised  
19. A) save    B) saved    C) saving    D) was saved

'I am very thankful \_\_20\_\_ her, because without her, maybe I will not be alive today.' Kabang and Rudy Bunggal rode in the back of a pickup truck festooned with yellow balloons to the Municipal Hall, where Mayor Celso Lobregat bestowed the title 'Pride of Zamboanga' \_\_21\_\_ the dog. Motorcycles and cars took part \_\_22\_\_ the parade that drove Kabang through the port city. Residents snapped photos of the dog and kids petted her.

20. A) to    B) at    C) with    D) in  
21. A) on    B) in    C) at    D) with  
22. A) on    B) in    C) at    D) with

The horrific accident occurred \_\_23\_\_ December 2011 when the daughter of Kabang's owner, nine-year-old Dina Bunggal, and her cousin three-year old Princess Diansing, were playing \_\_24\_\_ the dog in Zamboanga City, Philippines. To save the children, Kabang's face became tangled in the spokes of the bike's wheel, and her entire upper jaw was torn \_\_25\_\_. The dog ended up in Davis hospital in 2012 after a nurse from Buffalo, New York, spearheaded a fundraising campaign to bring her to the U.S. Veterinarians in the Philippines \_\_26\_\_ unable to treat her injuries. Care For Kabang raised over \$20,000 from 22 countries to cover the costs of surgeries, visas and airfare. Surgeons were planning to perform two or three procedures. The first \_\_27\_\_ dental work, extractions and covering exposed roots. They then closed the dog's wound and restore nasal functions.

23. A) on    B) in    C) at    D) with  
24. A) on    B) in    C) at    D) with

25. A) on      B) in              C) off              D) by  
26. A) were apparent      B) was apparent      C) were apparent      D) were apparently  
27. A) involve B) involved      C) involving      D) was involved

Davis said that \_\_\_28\_\_\_ Kabang's many conditions, the dog appeared to be \_\_\_29\_\_\_ good spirits. 'She has come through everything very well,' Davis said. 'Her appetite is still good. She's still bright and happy.' Kabang had a rough start in life when Dina's father Rudy found her \_\_\_30\_\_\_ in a rice paddy. He brought the dog home to fatten her up and feed her to the family, but his daughter and niece convinced him to spare Kabang and keep her as a pet - a lucky move for both dog and family.

28. A) although              B) despite              C) in spite              D) however  
29. A) on                      B) in                      C) off                      D) by  
30. A) abandon              B) abandoned      C) abandoning      D) was abandoned

### III. Reading Comprehension: (20%)

(1)

Biologically, there is only one quality which distinguishes us from animals: the ability to laugh. In a universe which appears to be utterly devoid of humor, we enjoy this supreme luxury. And it is a luxury, for unlike any other bodily process, laughter does not seem to serve a biologically useful purpose. In a divide world, laughter is a unifying force. Human beings oppose each other on a great many issues. Nations may disagree about systems of government and human relations may be plagued by ideological factions and political camps, but we all share the ability to laugh. And laughter, in turn, depends on that most complex and subtle of all human qualities: a sense of humor. Certain comic stereotypes have a universal appeal. This can best be seen from the world-wide popularity of Charlie Chaplin's early films. The little man at odds with society never fails to amuse no matter which country we come from. As that great commentator on human affairs, Dr. Samuel Johnson, once remarked, 'Men have been wise in very different modes; but they have always laughed in the same way.'

A sense of humor may take various forms and laughter may be anything from a refined tingle to an earth quaking roar, but the effect is always the same. Humor helps us to maintain a correct sense of values. It is the one quality which political fanatics appear to lack. If we can see the funny side, we never make the mistake of taking ourselves too seriously. We are always reminded that tragedy is not really far removed from comedy, so we never get a lopsided view of things.

This is one of the chief functions of satire and irony. Human pain and suffering are so grim; we hover so often on the brink of war; political realities are usually enough to plunge us into total despair. In such circumstances, cartoons and satirical accounts of somber political events redress the balance. They take the wind out of pompous and arrogant politicians who have lost their sense of proportion. They enable us to see that many of our most profound actions are merely comic or absurd. We laugh when a great satirist like Swift writes about war in Gulliver's Travels. The Lilliputians and their neighbors attack each other because they can't agree which end to break an egg. We laugh because we meant to laugh; but we are meant to weep too. It is too powerful a weapon to be allowed to flourish in totalitarian regimes.

The sense of humor must be singled out as man's most important quality because it is associated with laughter. And laughter, in turn, is associated with happiness. Courage, determination, initiative – these are qualities we share with other forms of life. But the sense of humor is uniquely human. If happiness is one of the great goals of life, then it is the sense of humor that provides the key.

31. What is the main topic of the passage?
- A. humor
  - B. satire
  - C. laughter
  - D. happiness
32. The reason for mentioning irony and satire is \_\_\_\_.
- A. to show absurdity of actions
  - B. to indicate how humor helps balance the view of things
  - C. to take the wind out of politicians
  - D. to show too much grimness in the world.
33. The example of Charlie Chaplin's early films is to show that \_\_\_\_.
- A. the films can amuse people and make people laugh
  - B. human beings are different from animals
  - C. certain comic stereotypes have a universal appeal
  - D. people have the same ability to laugh
34. The last sentence in paragraph four states: "It is too powerful a weapon to be allowed to flourish in totalitarian regimes." What does it mean?
- A. It can reveal the truth of political events with satire.
  - B. It can distract people from the reality.
  - C. It shows tragedy and comedy are related.
  - D. It can make people laugh.
35. According to the passage, what statement is NOT true?

- A. Laughter unites people.
- B. Political fanatics lack humor.
- C. There is much grimness in the world, so humour redresses the balance.
- D. All human qualities are important. It's absurd to stress one quality at the expense of others.

(2)

The pupils in an arithmetic class in the little country school were being examined by the county superintendent. He turned to a youngster whose father was a tailor and said to him, "Tom, I am going to order a suit from your father. I need  $3\frac{3}{4}$  yards of material and I am going to pay \$6.25 a yard. How much will the material cost?"

Tom was not particularly good at fractions, but he had his wits about him. He said, "Sir, you are a tall, stout man. You will need at least 4 yards of material. And you can't get decent material for \$6.25 a yard; you must pay at least \$8.00 a yard for it. Four times 8 is 32. So the material will cost you \$32.00."

36. What did Tom's father do for a living?
- A. He was a county superintendent.
  - B. He taught arithmetic.
  - C. He was not working.
  - D. He made clothing.
37. The superintendent was \_\_\_\_.
- A. tall and slender
  - B. short and strong
  - C. big and heavy
  - D. an average size
38. Tom told the superintendent that \_\_\_\_.
- A. decent material cost \$6.25 per yard
  - B. his father had only more expensive material
  - C. good material cost \$32 a yard
  - D. he would have to pay more for quality cloth
39. The superintendent asked Tom this question because he \_\_\_\_.
- A. was a mean man
  - B. wished to test Tom
  - C. hated Tom's father
  - D. liked Tom
40. This story indicates that \_\_\_\_.
- A. Tom was quick-witted

- B. tailors always have bright children
- C. Tom was good at fractions
- D. Tom's father made good clothes



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### 一、語文常識測驗：15%（每小題1分）

- 「九五之尊」意指：
  - 九十五歲以上的尊長
  - 帝位或帝王
  - 九個五十歲的尊長
  - 為數甚多的尊長
- 下列顏色用字，何者並非指「紅色」？
  - 朱
  - 丹
  - 玄
  - 緋
- 下列疊詞中，何者具狀聲作用？
  - 「歷歷」在目
  - 信誓「旦旦」
  - 飢腸「辘辘」
  - 炊煙「裊裊」
- 廣告詞：「沒有客服不了的事」，既說明沒有「克服」不了的事，也點明沒有客服人員「不了解」的事，這種修辭手法稱為：
  - 借代
  - 轉品
  - 雙關
  - 映襯
- 下列選項何者沒有使用「借代」修辭？
  - 還未嚐到他青草膏的滋味（賴和〈一桿稱仔〉）
  - 我的怒中有燧人氏，淚中有大禹（余光中〈武陵少年〉）
  - 與你聊不完的曾經（周杰倫〈蒲公英的約定〉）
  - 漢皇重色思傾國（白居易〈長恨歌〉）。
- 下列哪一個選項的詩句沒有使用「譬喻」修辭？
  - 煩憂是一個不可見的天才的雕刻家
  - 我乃曠野裡獨來獨往的一匹狼
  - 沉默是今晚的康橋
  - 那河畔的金柳，是夕陽中的新娘
- 下列哪一個選項的句子沒有使用「轉品」修辭？
  - 做不成天空的星子，就做山上的燎火吧！做不成山上的燎火，就做屋中的一盞燈吧
  - 一滴苗如何綠出一池果
  - 我就是有辦法白回來
  - 幸福著你的幸福
- 下面的文句何者使用了「頂真」句法？
  - 萬里赴戎機，關山度若飛
  - 我的愛如潮水，愛如潮水將我向你推
  - 刮別人的鬍子之前，先刮自己的鬍子

- (D) 兩好寂寞，這個世界好寂寞
9. 朵思：「一行細瘦的字體／凸顯出飄逸清高的性情」指的是：  
(A) 竹 (B) 草 (C) 樹 (D) 花
10. 林燿德：「道路是你不眠的掌紋／人類是你流動的紋身」指的是：  
(A) 鄉村 (B) 田野 (C) 大海 (D) 都市
11. 鄭愁予〈錯誤〉：「東風不來，三月的柳絮不飛」乃喻：  
(A) 機緣未至，無由晤面  
(B) 良人未歸，芳心孤寂  
(C) 遭時不遇，思歸心切  
(D) 良人遠去，音信無憑
12. 簡媜〈夏之絕句〉：「春天，像一篇巨製的駢麗文」意謂：  
(A) 春天極為漫長  
(B) 春天是個值得歌頌的季節  
(C) 春天之美，富麗而繁複  
(D) 春天是個充滿浮華不實的季節
13. 余光中〈你的耳朵特別名貴〉：「光，像棋中之車，只能直走；聲，卻像棋中之砲，可以飛越障礙而來。」意在說明：  
(A) 光波比音波更快  
(B) 聲光進行的原理  
(C) 聲音無所不在  
(D) 不棋必須了解規矩
14. 有關「國學」的內容包羅萬象，其中何者**不包括**在內？  
(A) 史學 (B) 醫學 (C) 地理 (D) 新詩
15. 以下稱謂何者正確？  
(A) 稱自己已歿之父為「家父」  
(B) 稱人父子為「賢伉儷」  
(C) 稱人兄弟為「賢昆仲」  
(D) 稱家族幼輩，可用「賢」字。

## 二、 引導式作文 35%

人因為懷抱理想而使生命更具有意義，但理想必須經由實踐才能成就，請問你目前所懷抱理想為何？而你又打算以何種方式去實踐它？請以「理想與實踐」為題，寫一篇作文。